# FRIGIDAIRE

# GALLERY.







# frig cool cold



# fum

smoke scent

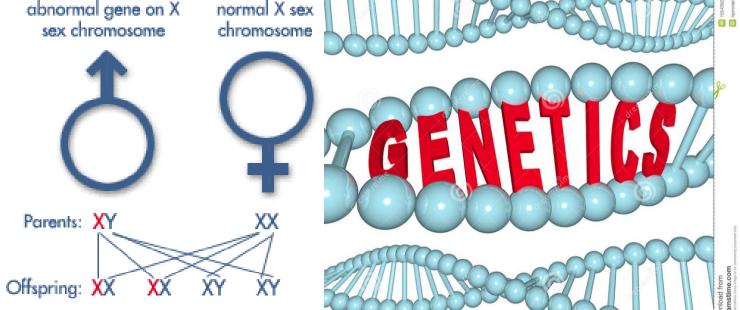




	GENERATION	SILENT GENERATION	BABY BOOMERS	GENERATION	MILLENNIAL GENERATION	GENERATION	
Years	Born before 1936	1937–1945	1946–1964	1965–1976	1977–1993	1994–	
Ages	76+	67–75	48–66	36–47	19–35	18 and younger	
Major Events	WORLD WAR II GREAT DEPRESSION	WORLD WAR II GREAT DEPRESSION ADVENT OF TV, TELEPHONES	CIVIL RIGHTS WOMEN'S LIBERATION COLD WAR	VIETNAM WATERGATE ADVENT OF MTV	AIDS TECHNOLOGY	9/11 IRAQ/ AFGHANISTAN WARS MARKET CRASH	
Major Traits	FORMALITY UNIFORMITY COOPERATIVE PUBLIC INTEREST OVER PERSONAL GAIN	RESPECT FOR AUTHORITY LOYAL HARD WORK	EXPLORE OPTIMISTIC WORK-CENTRIC	INDIVIDUALISTIC FLEXIBLE SKEPTICAL OF AUTHORITY	TECH- COMFORTABLE FAMILY-CENTRIC OPTIMISTIC	MISTRUST IN POLITICAL SYSTEMS ALWAYS CONNECTED MULTI-TASKERS	
Father with abnormal gene on X sex chromosome chromosome							
		1					

gen

race family kind





# PROGRESS

# grad, gress

step degree rank



MASTER'S

BACHELOR'S

ASSOCIATE'S

HIGH SCHOOL



# grat

pleasing thankful

Be grateful for all the obstacles in your life. They have strengthened you as you continue with your journey.





grave, griev

heavy

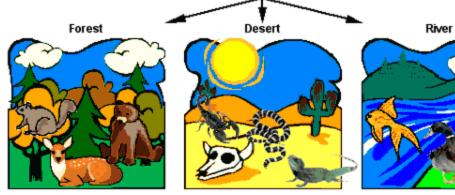






He who permits himself to tell a lie once, finds it much easier to do it a second and a third time till at length it becomes habitual.

-Thomas Jefferson



habit-, hab-, -hibit; habili-, habil-

dwell li	ive
----------	-----

have hold

that which may be easily handled suitable fit

proper

clothe clothing

# HOMO SAPIENS

About 250,000 years ago Homo sapiens emerged. Homo Sapiens means "Wise Person." This group split into two distinct groups:

Neanderthals and Homo Sapiens Sapiens

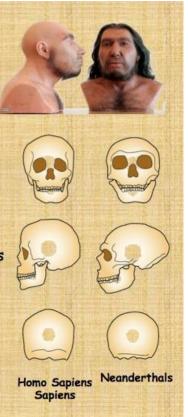
# NEANDERTHALS

Discovered in the Neander Valley in Germany.

Thought to have lived between 100,000 and 30,000 years ago; they lived in Europe and Turkey.

They used stone tools, and buried their dead. It is thought they had some primitive religious beliefs.

It was originally thought that they were killed off by homo sapiens sapiens, but new evidence has recently emerged that shows that there was some genetic mixing between the two groups.



# hom

man

human



# Hospitality Industry





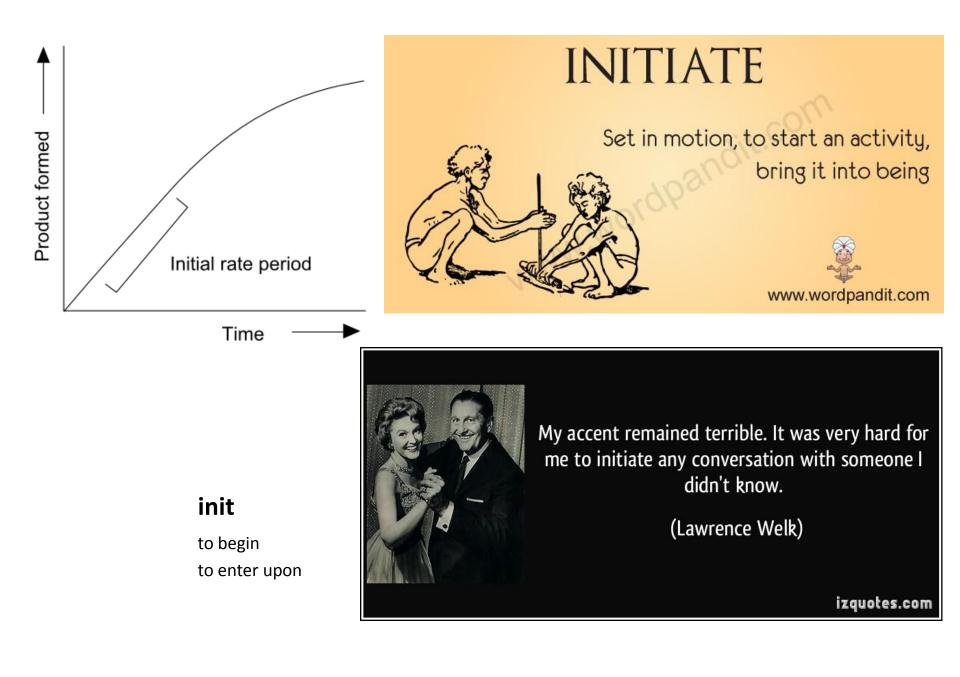
**hosp** guest

# hostile



# host

enemy stranger







# jur, jus, judic

law right judgment





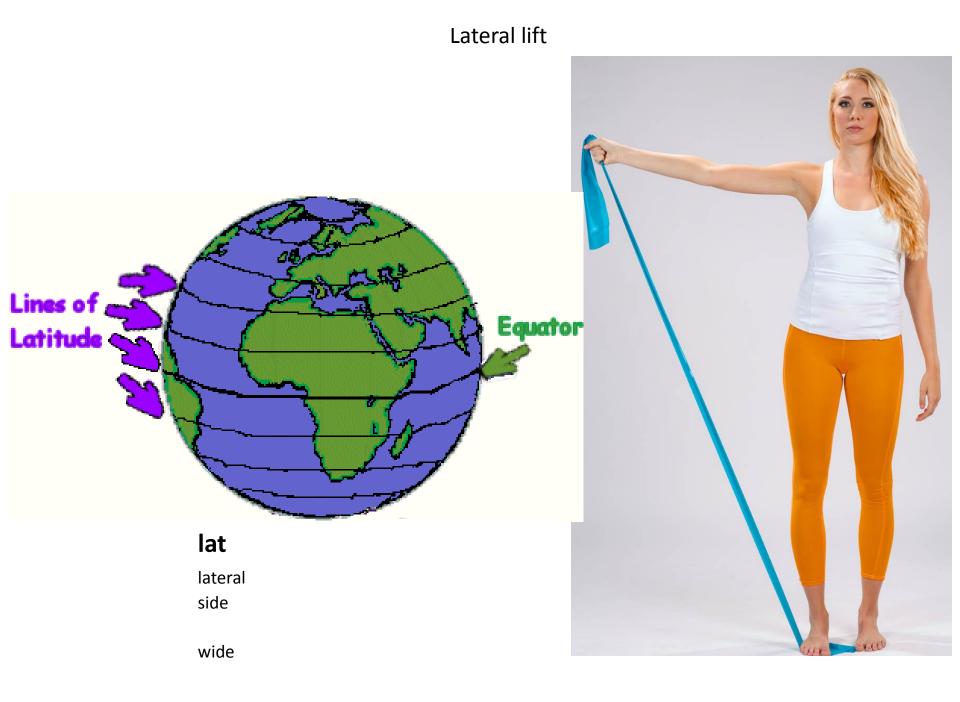
# re·ju·ve·nate

juven

young

verb\ri-`jü-və-nate\: to make young or youthful again.
-renewal for the skin, mind, and body.







# laud

praise

# LAUDA BLE

Bravo! That was amazing! But what was amazing? The thing you regard as laudable.





# legal

# legislature



leg

law





Lever, leverage

10020CS-U [RF] © www.visualphotos.com

# lev

to make light to lift





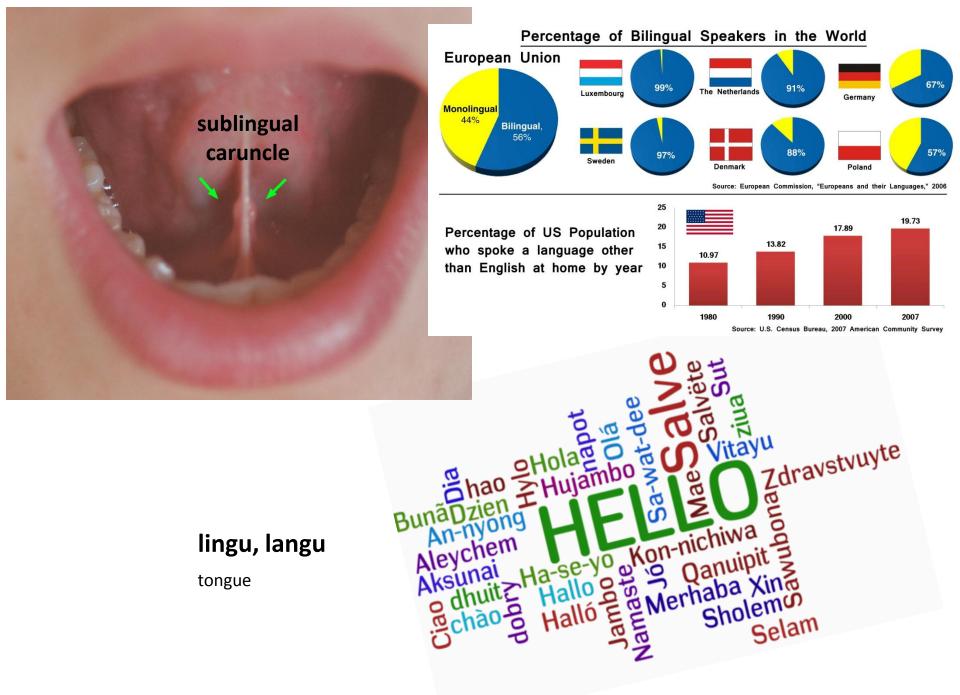
liberation





liber

free



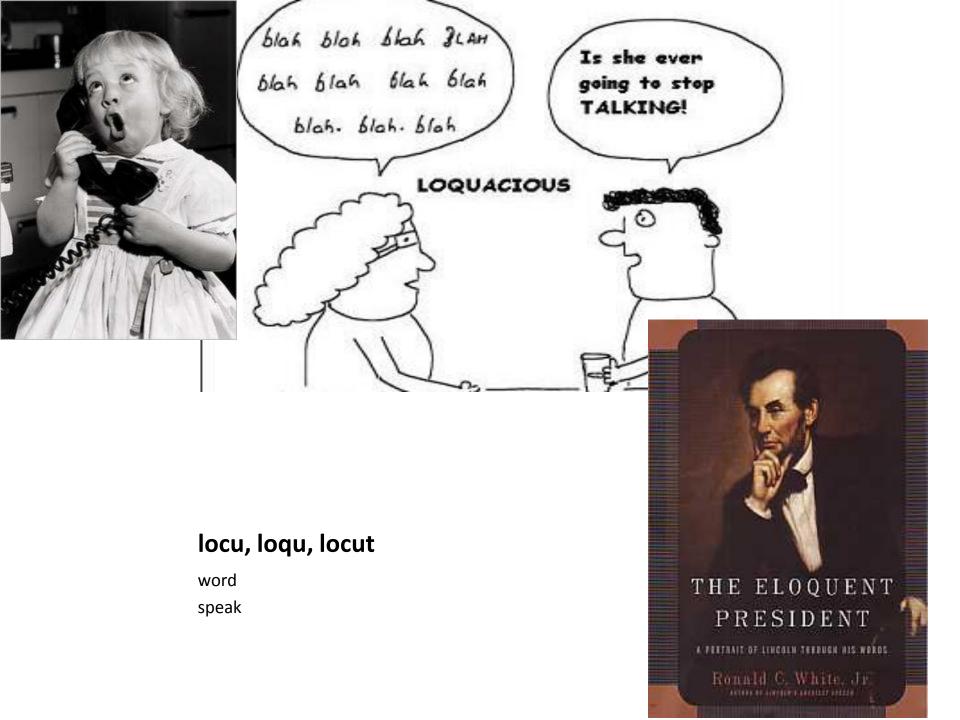


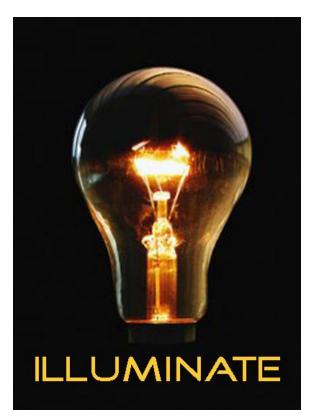






local market





# luc, lumin

light



# Iucid dreams black and white dreams





#### manu

hand





## mar

sea

#### VENTI





# med, medi

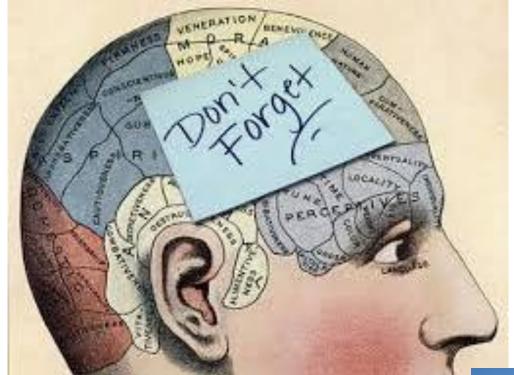
middle



# medic

physician to heal





memorial be mindful and remember...



## memor

mindful

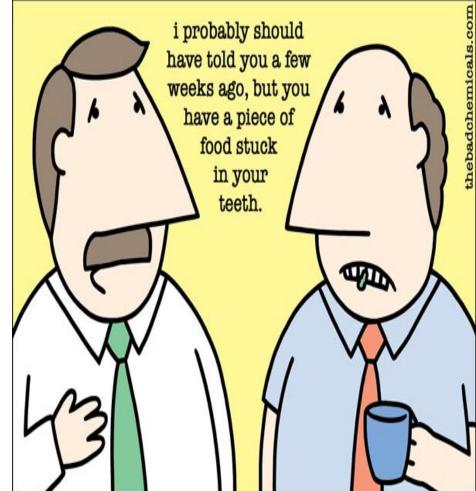




# ment

mind

## mental

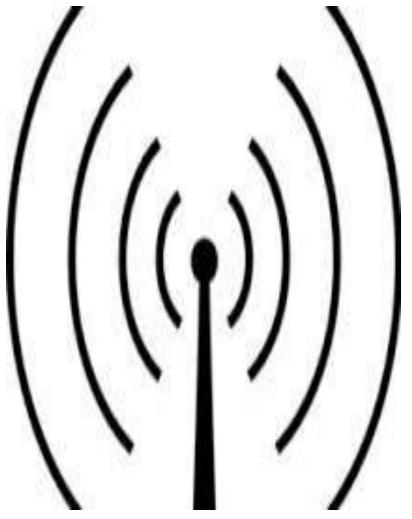




# migr

to move to travel





# mit, mis

to send









# mortician

mortified



# mort

death





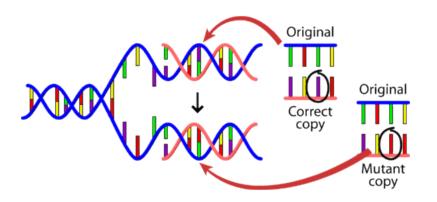
remove

mobile

phone

# mo, mob, mot

to move





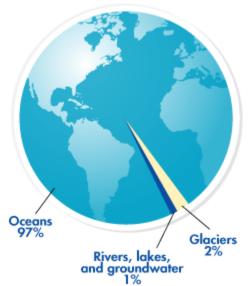
# mut

change exchange



#### necess

unavoidable



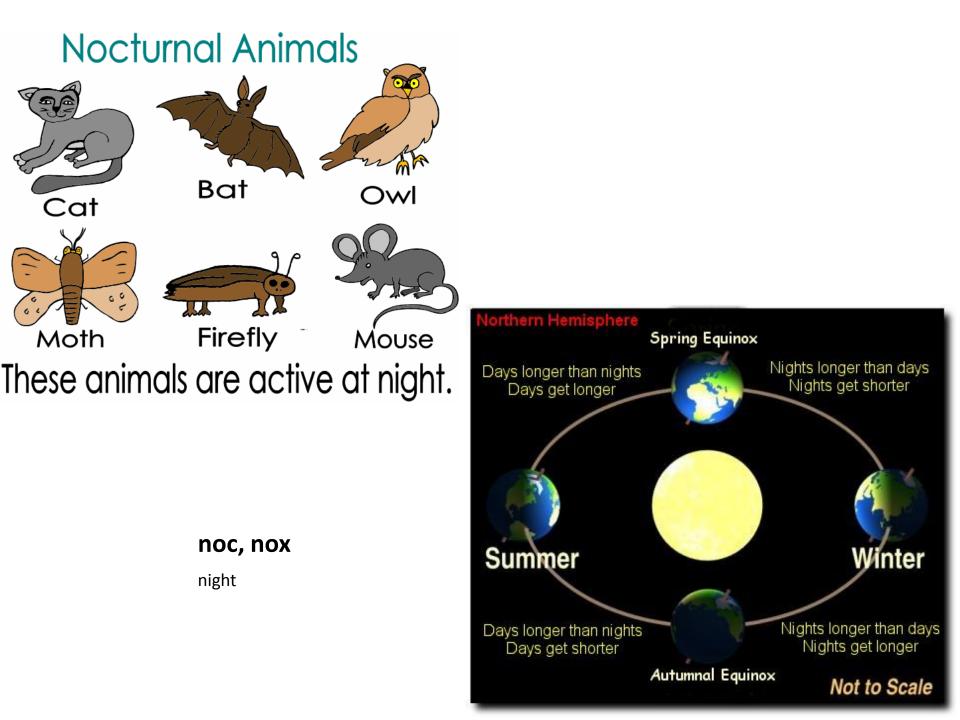


Innocent: will not harm

# Nothing is as obnoxious as other people's luck. F. Scott Fitzgerald

nox, nox

harm



nominate a "name"



### **Chemical Nomenclature**

- Chemical nomenclature is a systematic means of assigning names to chemical compounds.
- · Binary compounds contain only two elements.
  - · Covalent binary compounds are named differently from ionic binary compounds.
  - · Recognizing a compound as ionic or covalent assists in naming.
    - · A metal and a nonmetal generally combine to form ionic compounds.
    - · Two nonmetals generally combine to form a covalent compound.
    - · Presence of polyatomic ions indicates ionic bonding.

#### nomen, nomin

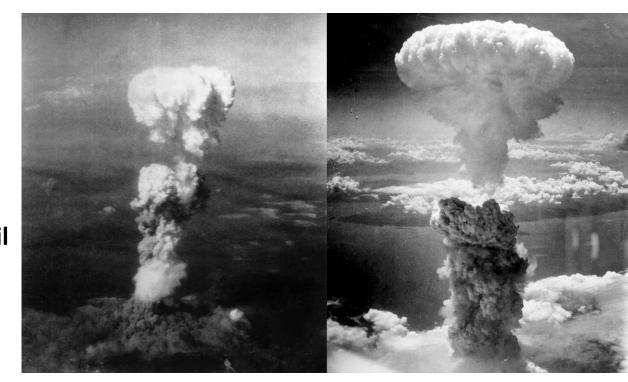
name



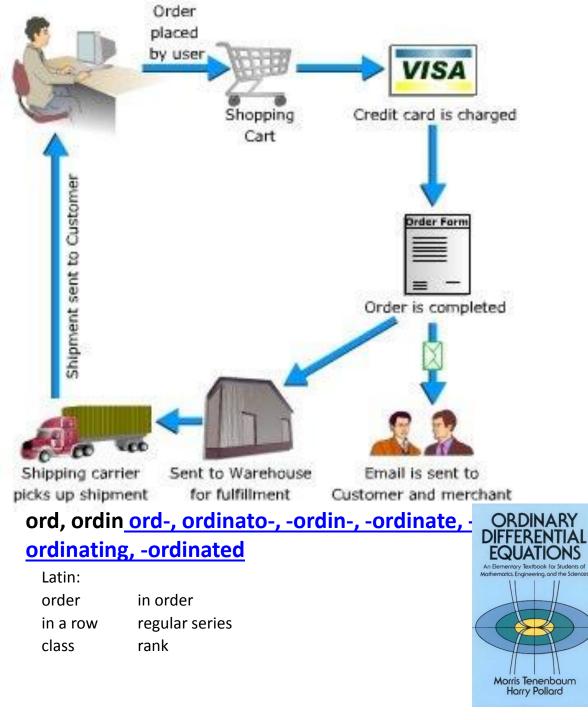
# NULLIFY

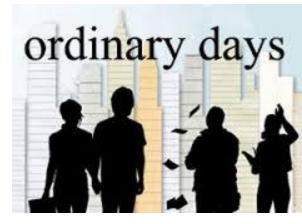
Make it null! Make it zilch! Make it completely ineffective!





**null, nihil, nil** nothing none void





## **Ordinal Numbers**





### par, pair, para

to arrange to get ready set to make ready to put in order to furnish, to prepare

## FAST SERVICE APPLIANCE REPAIR Fast Reliable Service

#### Partial Lunar Eclipse 04-06-2012



#### THE HIGGS PARTICLE

#### THEORY

Nicknamed the "God particle", the Higgs particle was proposed in the 1960s by British physicist Peter Higgs as a way of explaining why other particles have mass. The Higgs particle is theoretically responsible for mass, without which there would be no gravity and no universe. CERN\* is attempting to find evidence of its existence

WHAT PROTONS ARE Protons are present in the nuclei of atoms, the basic units of matter



Protons are composed of even smaller particles: three quarks held together by gluons

#### SMASHING PROTONS



Protons are accelerated at 99.999991% of the speed of light. Quarks and gluons inside the protons collide and explode with enough energy to create the Higgs particle



The Higgs particle has 100 to 200 times the mass of a proton and will last less than a millionth of a billionth of a billionth of a second before decaying into a spray of other particles



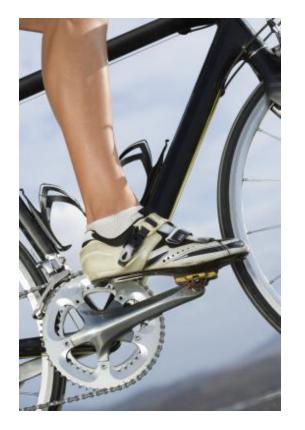
Evidence for the Higgs particle will be found in the telltale spirals and streaks left in LHC detectors by the particles created as it disintegrates

### part, pars, parti

portion

part

to divide



pedestal



ped, ped-, pedi-, -pedal, -ped, -pede, -pedia

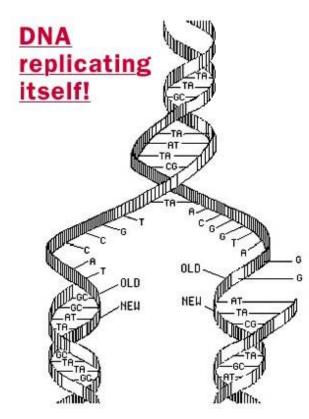
foot

(Latin: foot, feet; people often see this *ped* element in other words. When people refer to "pedal extremities", they mean "feet". When anyone pushes the pedals of a bicycle, it is done with the feet. A pedestrian must use the feet for walking. A quadruped has four feet while a centipede has "100 feet"; or a large number of them because it may be impossible to count all of them









### plic plic-, pli- plect-, plec-, plici-, -plex, -plexity, -plexus, -ple, -pli, -plic, -plicat, -plicit, -plicate, -plication, -ply

Latin: *plicare, plecare,* 

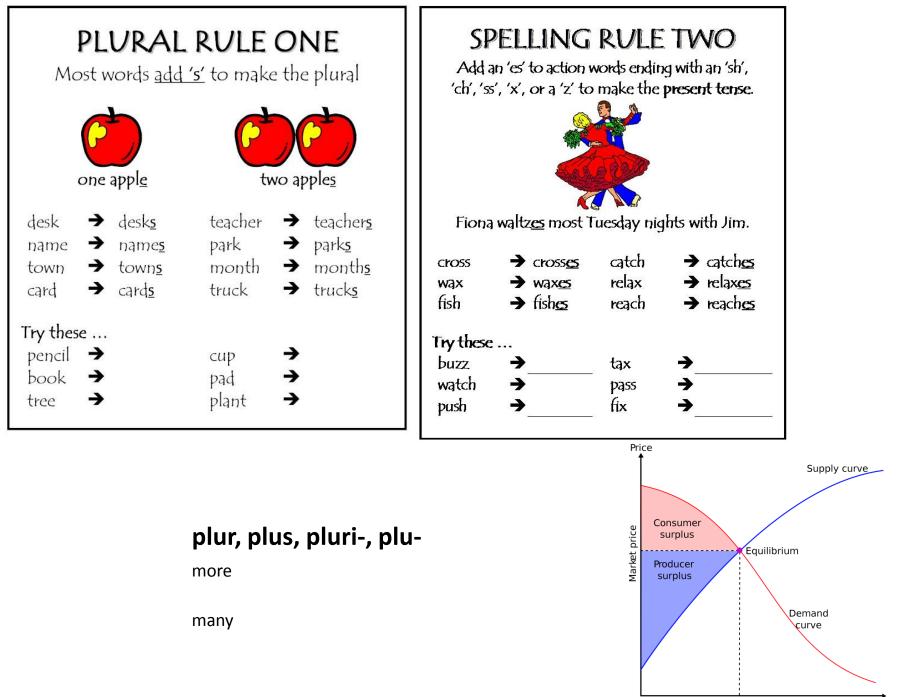
to fold

bend twist

curve interweave

turn weave

twine



Quantity

Equilibrium quantity



#### port. porta

to carry

to bring

to bear





#### juxtaposition (noun)

2. The extra emphasis given to a comparison when the contrasted objects are close together.

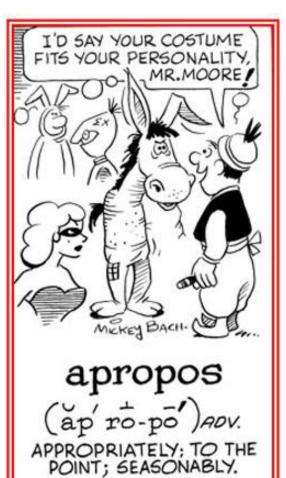


pos, pon-, posit-, pos-, -poning, -poned, -ponency, ponent, -ponement, -pound

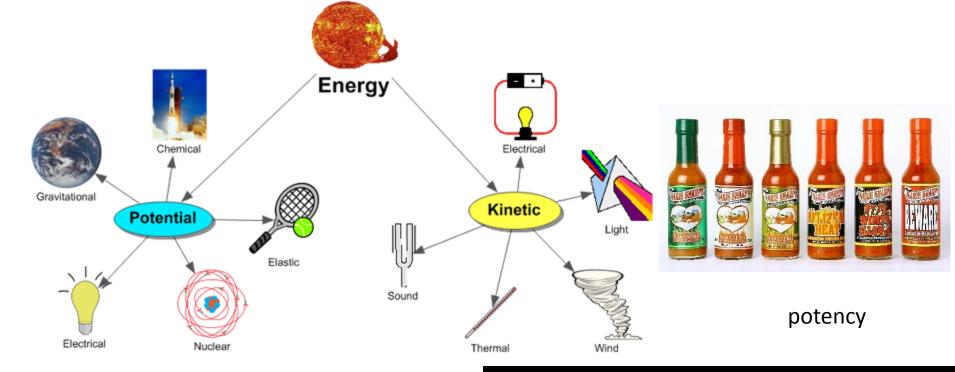
> to place to put to set

placement positioning





Appropriate or proper in a specific situation



# pot, poten-, pot-, poss-, -potent, -potence, -potency, -potential

powerful

power strength

ability able

having authority over rule over command of

